

# 1 System.IO.Stream Class

```
4 [ILASM]
5 .class public abstract serializable Stream extends
6 System.MarshalByRefObject implements System.IDisposable

7 [C#]
8 public abstract class Stream: MarshalByRefObject,
9 IDisposable
```

## 10 Assembly Info:

- 11 • *Name:* mscorlib
- 12 • *Public Key:* [00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 00 00 00]
- 13 • *Version:* 1.0.x.x
- 14 • *Attributes:*
  - 15 ○ CLSCompliantAttribute(true)

## 16 Implements:

- 17 • **System.IDisposable**

## 18 Summary

19

20 Abstract base class for all stream implementations.

## 21 Inherits From: System.MarshalByRefObject

22

23 **Library:** BCL

24

25 **Thread Safety:** All public static members of this type are safe for multithreaded  
26 operations. No instance members are guaranteed to be thread safe.

27

## 28 Description

29 Streams involve three fundamental operations:

- 30 • You can read from streams. Reading is the transfer of data  
31 from a stream into a data structure, such as an array of bytes.
- 32 • You can write to streams. Writing is the transfer of data from a  
33 data structure into a stream.
- 34 • Streams can support seeking. Seeking is the querying and  
35 modifying of the current position within a stream. Seek  
36 capability depends on the kind of backing store a stream has.

1 For example, network streams have no unified concept of a  
2 current position, and therefore typically do not support seeking.

3 All classes that represent streams inherit from the **System.IO.Stream**  
4 class. The **System.IO.Stream** class and its subclasses provide a  
5 generic view of data sources and repositories, isolating the  
6 programmer from the specific details of the operating system and  
7 underlying devices.

8  
9 Subclasses are required to provide implementations only for the  
10 synchronous read and write methods. The asynchronous read and  
11 write methods are implemented via the synchronous ones. [*Note*: The  
12 **System.IO.Stream** synchronous read and write methods are  
13 **System.IO.Stream.Read** and **System.IO.Stream.Write**. The  
14 asynchronous read and write methods are  
15 **System.IO.Stream.BeginRead**, **System.IO.Stream.EndRead**,  
16 **System.IO.Stream.BeginWrite**, and  
17 **System.IO.Stream.EndWrite**.]

18  
19 Depending on the underlying data source or repository, streams might  
20 support only some of these capabilities. An application can query a  
21 stream for its capabilities by using the **System.IO.Stream.CanRead**,  
22 **System.IO.Stream.CanWrite**, and **System.IO.Stream.CanSeek**  
23 properties.

24  
25 The **System.IO.Stream.Read** and **System.IO.Stream.Write**  
26 methods read and write data in a variety of formats. For streams that  
27 support seeking, the **System.IO.Stream.Seek** and  
28 **System.IO.Stream.SetLength** methods, and the  
29 **System.IO.Stream.Position** and **System.IO.Stream.Length**  
30 properties can be used to query and modify the current position and  
31 length of a stream.

32  
33 Some stream implementations perform local buffering of the  
34 underlying data to improve performance. For such streams, the  
35 **System.IO.Stream.Flush** method can be used to clear any internal  
36 buffers and ensure that all data has been written to the underlying  
37 data source or repository.

38  
39 Calling **System.IO.Stream.Close** on a **System.IO.Stream** flushes  
40 any buffered data, essentially calling **System.IO.Stream.Flush** for  
41 you. **System.IO.Stream.Close** also releases operating system  
42 resources such as file handles, network connections, or memory used  
43 for any internal buffering. The **System.IO.BufferedStream** class  
44 provides the capability of wrapping a buffered stream around another  
45 stream in order to improve read and write performance.

46  
47 If you need a **System.IO.Stream** with no backing store (i.e., a bit  
48 bucket), use **System.IO.Stream.Null**.

49

# 1 Stream() Constructor

```
2 [ILASM]  
3 family specialname instance void .ctor()  
4 [C#]  
5 protected Stream()
```

## 6 Summary

7 Constructs a new instance of the **System.IO.Stream** class.

8

# 1 Stream.Null Field

```
2 [ILASM]  
3 .field public static initOnly class System.IO.Stream Null  
4 [C#]  
5 public static readonly Stream Null
```

## 6 Summary

7 Returns a **System.IO.Stream** with no backing store.

## 8 Description

9 [Note: **System.IO.Stream.Null** is used to redirect output to a stream  
10 that does not consume any operating system resources. When the  
11 methods of **System.IO.Stream** that provide writing are invoked on  
12 **System.IO.Stream.Null**, they simply return, and no data is written.  
13 **System.IO.Stream.Null** also implements a  
14 **System.IO.Stream.Read** method that returns zero without reading  
15 data.]

16

# 1 Stream.BeginRead(System.Byte[], 2 System.Int32, System.Int32, 3 System.AsyncCallback, System.Object) 4 Method

```
5 [ILASM]  
6 .method public hidebysig virtual class System.IAsyncResult  
7 BeginRead(class System.Byte[] buffer, int32 offset, int32  
8 count, class System.AsyncCallback callback, object state)
```

```
9 [C#]  
10 public virtual IAsyncResult BeginRead(byte[] buffer, int  
11 offset, int count, AsyncCallback callback, object state)
```

## 12 Summary

13 Begins an asynchronous read operation.

## 14 Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>buffer</i>	The <b>System.Byte</b> array to read the data into.
<i>offset</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the byte offset in <i>buffer</i> at which to begin writing data read from the stream.
<i>count</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the maximum number of bytes to read from the stream.
<i>callback</i>	A <b>System.AsyncCallback</b> delegate to be called when the read is complete, or <b>null</b> .
<i>state</i>	An application-defined object, or <b>null</b> .

## 18 Return Value

20 A **System.IAsyncResult** that contains information about the  
21 asynchronous read operation, which could still be pending.

## 22 Description

23 This method starts an asynchronous read operation. To determine how  
24 many bytes were read and release resources allocated by this method,  
25 call the **System.IO.Stream.EndRead** method and specify the  
26 **System.IAsyncResult** object returned by this method. [Note: The  
27 **System.IO.Stream.EndRead** method should be called exactly once  
28 for each call to **System.IO.Stream.BeginRead**.]  
29

1 If the *callback* parameter is not **null**, the method referenced by  
2 *callback* is invoked when the asynchronous operation completes. The  
3 **System.IAsyncResult** object returned by this method is passed as  
4 the argument to the method referenced by *callback*.

5  
6 The current position in the stream is updated when the asynchronous  
7 read or write is issued, not when the I/O operation completes.

8  
9 Multiple simultaneous asynchronous requests render the request  
10 completion order uncertain.

11  
12 The *state* parameter can be any object that the caller wishes to have  
13 available for the duration of the asynchronous operation. This object is  
14 available via the **System.IAsyncResult.AsyncState** property of the  
15 object returned by this method.

16  
17 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanRead** property to determine  
18 whether the current instance supports reading.]

## 19 Behaviors

20 As described above.

## 21 Exceptions

22  
23

Exception	Condition
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error occurred.
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The current <b>System.IO.Stream</b> does not support reading.

24  
25  
26

1 **Stream.BeginWrite(System.Byte[],**  
2 **System.Int32, System.Int32,**  
3 **System.AsyncCallback, System.Object)**  
4 **Method**

5 [ILASM]  
6 .method public hidebysig virtual class System.IAsyncResult  
7 BeginWrite(class System.Byte[] buffer, int32 offset, int32  
8 count, class System.AsyncCallback callback, object state)

9 [C#]  
10 public virtual IAsyncResult BeginWrite(byte[] buffer, int  
11 offset, int count, AsyncCallback callback, object state)

12 **Summary**

13 Begins an asynchronous write operation.

14 **Parameters**

15  
16

Parameter	Description
<i>buffer</i>	The <b>System.Byte</b> array to be written to the current stream.
<i>offset</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the byte offset in <i>buffer</i> at which to begin copying bytes to the current stream.
<i>count</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the maximum number of bytes to be written to the current stream.
<i>callback</i>	A <b>System.AsyncCallback</b> delegate to be called when the write is complete, or <b>null</b> .
<i>state</i>	An application-defined object, or <b>null</b> .

17

18 **Return Value**

19

20 A **System.IAsyncResult** that represents the asynchronous write,  
21 which could still be pending.

22 **Description**

23 Pass the **System.IAsyncResult** returned by this method to  
24 **System.IO.Stream.EndWrite** to ensure that the write completes and  
25 frees resources appropriately. If an error occurs during an  
26 asynchronous write, an exception will not be thrown until  
27 **System.IO.Stream.EndWrite** is called with the  
28 **System.IAsyncResult** returned by this method. [Note: If a failure is

1 detected from the underlying OS (such as if a floppy is ejected in the  
2 middle of the operation), the results of the write operation are  
3 undefined.]

4  
5 If the *callback* parameter is not **null**, the method referenced by  
6 *callback* is invoked when the asynchronous operation completes. The  
7 **System.IAsyncResult** object returned by this method is passed as  
8 the argument to the method referenced by *callback*.

9  
10 The *state* parameter can be any object that the caller wishes to have  
11 available for the duration of the asynchronous operation. This object is  
12 available via the **System.IAsyncResult.AsyncState** property of the  
13 object returned by this method.

14  
15 If a stream is writable, writing at the end of it expands the stream.

16  
17 The current position in the stream is updated when you issue the  
18 asynchronous read or write, not when the I/O operation completes.  
19 Multiple simultaneous asynchronous requests render the request  
20 completion order uncertain.

21  
22 [*Note: buffer* should generally be greater than 64 KB.

23  
24 Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanWrite** property to determine whether  
25 the current instance supports writing.]

## 26 Behaviors

27 As described above.

## 28 Exceptions

29  
30

Exception	Condition
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The current <b>System.IO.Stream</b> does not support writing.
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error occurred.

31  
32  
33

# 1 Stream.Close() Method

```
2 [ILASM]  
3 .method public hidebysig virtual void Close()  
4 [C#]  
5 public virtual void Close()
```

## 6 Summary

7 Closes the current stream and releases any resources associated with  
8 the current stream.

## 9 Description

10 Following a call to this method, other operations on the stream might  
11 throw exceptions. If the stream is already closed, a call to  
12 **System.IO.Stream.Close** throws no exceptions.  
13

14 [*Note:* If this method is called while an asynchronous read or write is  
15 pending for a stream, the behavior of the stream is undefined.]

## 16 Behaviors

17 As described above.  
18

# 1 Stream.CreateWaitHandle() Method

```
2 [ILASM]  
3 .method family hidebysig virtual class  
4 System.Threading.WaitHandle CreateWaitHandle()  
  
5 [C#]  
6 protected virtual WaitHandle CreateWaitHandle()
```

## 7 Summary

8 Allocates a **System.Threading.WaitHandle** object.

## 9 Return Value

10

11 A reference to the allocated **System.Threading.WaitHandle**.

## 12 Description

13 When called for the first time this method creates a  
14 **System.Threading.WaitHandle** object and returns it. On subsequent  
15 calls, the **System.IO.Stream.CreateWaitHandle** method returns a  
16 reference to the same wait handle.

17  
18 [*Note:* **System.IO.Stream.CreateWaitHandle** is useful if you  
19 implement the asynchronous methods and require a way of blocking in  
20 **System.IO.Stream.EndRead** or **System.IO.Stream.EndWrite** until  
21 the asynchronous operation is complete.]

22

# 1 Stream.EndRead(System.IAsyncResult) 2 Method

```
3 [ILASM]  
4 .method public hidebysig virtual int32 EndRead(class  
5 System.IAsyncResult asyncResult)  
  
6 [C#]  
7 public virtual int EndRead(IAsyncResult asyncResult)
```

## 8 Summary

9 Ends a pending asynchronous read request.

## 10 Parameters

11  
12

Parameter	Description
<i>asyncResult</i>	The <b>System.IAsyncResult</b> object that references the pending asynchronous read request.

13  
14  
15

## 14 Return Value

16 A **System.Int32** that indicates the number of bytes read from the  
17 stream, between 0 and the number of bytes specified via the  
18 **System.IO.Stream.BeginRead** *count* parameter. Streams only  
19 return 0 at the end of the stream, otherwise, they block until at least 1  
20 byte is available.

## 21 Description

22 **System.IO.Stream.EndRead** blocks until the I/O operation has  
23 completed.

## 24 Behaviors

25 As described above.

## 26 Exceptions

27  
28

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentNullException</b>	<i>asyncResult</i> is <b>null</b> .
<b>System.ArgumentException</b>	<i>asyncResult</i> did not originate from a <b>System.IO.Stream.BeginRead</b> method on the current stream.

1  
2  
3

# 1 Stream.EndWrite(System.IAsyncResult)

## 2 Method

```
3 [ILASM]  
4 .method public hidebysig virtual void EndWrite(class  
5 System.IAsyncResult asyncResult)  
  
6 [C#]  
7 public virtual void EndWrite(IAsyncResult asyncResult)
```

### 8 Summary

9 Ends an asynchronous write operation.

### 10 Parameters

11  
12

Parameter	Description
<i>asyncResult</i>	A <b>System.IAsyncResult</b> that references the outstanding asynchronous I/O request.

13  
14

### 14 Description

15 **System.IO.Stream.EndWrite** is required to be called exactly once  
16 for every **System.IO.Stream.BeginWrite**.  
17 **System.IO.Stream.EndWrite** blocks until the write I/O operation has  
18 completed.

### 19 Behaviors

20 As described above.

### 21 Exceptions

22  
23

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentNullException</b>	The <i>asyncResult</i> parameter is <b>null</b> .
<b>System.ArgumentException</b>	<i>asyncResult</i> did not originate from a <b>System.IO.Stream.BeginWrite</b> method on the current stream.

24  
25  
26

# 1 Stream.Flush() Method

```
2 [ILASM]  
3 .method public hidebysig virtual abstract void Flush()  
4 [C#]  
5 public abstract void Flush()
```

## 6 Summary

7 Flushes the internal buffer.

## 8 Description

9 *[Note: Implementers should use this method to move any information*  
10 *from an underlying buffer to its destination. The*  
11 **System.IO.Stream.Flush** *method should clear the buffer, but the*  
12 *stream should not be closed. Depending upon the state of the object,*  
13 *the current position within the stream might need to be modified (for*  
14 *example, if the underlying stream supports seeking). For additional*  
15 *information see* **System.IO.Stream.CanSeek**.]

## 16 Behaviors

17 As described above.

## 18 How and When to Override

19 Override **System.IO.Stream.Flush** on streams that implement a  
20 buffer.

## 21 Exceptions

22  
23

Exception	Condition
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error occurs, such as the file being already closed.

24  
25  
26

# 1 Stream.Read(System.Byte[], 2 System.Int32, System.Int32) Method

```
3 [ILASM]  
4 .method public hidebysig virtual abstract int32 Read(class  
5 System.Byte[] buffer, int32 offset, int32 count)  
  
6 [C#]  
7 public abstract int Read(byte[] buffer, int offset, int  
8 count)
```

## 9 Summary

10 Reads a sequence of bytes from the current stream and advances the  
11 position within the stream by the number of bytes read.

## 12 Parameters

13  
14

Parameter	Description
<i>buffer</i>	A <b>System.Byte</b> array. When this method returns, the elements between <i>offset</i> and ( <i>offset</i> + <i>count</i> ) are replaced by the bytes read from the current source.
<i>offset</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the zero based byte offset in <i>buffer</i> at which to begin storing the data read from the current stream.
<i>count</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the maximum number of bytes to be read from the current stream.

15  
16  
17

## Return Value

18 A **System.Int32** that specifies the total number of bytes read into the  
19 buffer, or zero if the end of the stream has been reached before any  
20 data can be read.

## 21 Description

22 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanRead** property to determine  
23 whether the current instance supports reading.]

## 24 Behaviors

25 As described above.

## 26 Exceptions

27  
28

1  
2  
3

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentException</b>	( <i>offset</i> + <i>count</i> ) is greater than the length of <i>buffer</i> .
<b>System.ArgumentNullException</b>	<i>buffer</i> is <b>null</b> .
<b>System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException</b>	<i>offset</i> or <i>count</i> is less than zero.
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error occurred.
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The current stream does not support reading.

# 1 Stream.ReadByte() Method

```
2 [ILASM]  
3 .method public hidebysig virtual int32 ReadByte()  
4 [C#]  
5 public virtual int ReadByte()
```

## 6 Summary

7 Reads a byte from the stream and advances the position within the  
8 stream by one byte.

## 9 Return Value

10

11 The unsigned byte cast to a **System.Int32**, or -1 if at the end of the  
12 stream.

## 13 Description

## 14 Behaviors

15 As described above.

16

17 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanRead** property to determine  
18 whether the current instance supports reading.]

## 19 Exceptions

20

21

Exception	Condition
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	The stream is closed.
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The stream does not support reading.

22

23

24

# 1 Stream.Seek(System.Int64, 2 System.IO.SeekOrigin) Method

```
3 [ILASM]  
4 .method public hidebysig virtual abstract int64 Seek(int64  
5 offset, valuetype System.IO.SeekOrigin origin)  
  
6 [C#]  
7 public abstract long Seek(long offset, SeekOrigin origin)
```

## 8 Summary

9 Sets the position within the current stream.

## 10 Parameters

11  
12

Parameter	Description
<i>offset</i>	A <b>System.Int64</b> that specifies the byte offset relative to origin.
<i>origin</i>	A <b>System.IO.SeekOrigin</b> value indicating the reference point used to obtain the new position.

13  
14  
15

## 14 Return Value

16 A **System.Int64** that specifies the new position within the current  
17 stream.

## 18 Description

19 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanSeek** property to determine  
20 whether the current instance supports seeking.]

## 21 Behaviors

22 If *offset* is negative, the new position is required to precede the  
23 position specified by *origin* by the number of bytes specified by *offset*.  
24 If *offset* is zero, the new position is required to be the position  
25 specified by *origin*. If *offset* is positive, the new position is required to  
26 follow the position specified by *origin* by the number of bytes specified  
27 by *offset*.

## 28 How and When to Override

29 If you intend to use a file as a backing store for a stream  
30 implementation, you are required to override  
31 **System.IO.Stream.Seek** to set the **System.IO.Stream.Position**

1 property one byte beyond the end of the stream. Opening a new file  
2 and then writing to it requires that the position be set to one byte  
3 beyond the end of the stream. The position cannot be set to more than  
4 one byte beyond the end of the stream.

5  
6 Classes derived from **System.IO.Stream** that support seeking are  
7 required to override this method.

## 8 Exceptions

9  
10

Exception	Condition
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The stream does not support seeking, such as if the stream is constructed from a pipe or console output.
<b>System.ObjectDisposedException</b>	The current <b>System.IO.Stream</b> is closed.
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error has occurred.

11  
12  
13

# Stream.SetLength(System.Int64) Method

```
[ILASM]
.method public hidebysig virtual abstract void
SetLength(int64 value)

[C#]
public abstract void SetLength(long value)
```

## Summary

Sets the length of the current stream.

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>value</i>	A <b>System.Int64</b> that specifies the desired length of the current stream in bytes.

## Description

[*Note:* Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanWrite** property to determine whether the current instance supports writing, and the **System.IO.Stream.CanSeek** property to determine whether seeking is supported.]

## Behaviors

If the specified value is less than the current length of the stream, the stream is truncated. If the specified value is larger than the current length of the stream, the stream is expanded. If the stream is expanded, the contents of the stream between the old and the new length are initialized to zeros.

## Default

There is no default implementation.

## How and When to Override

Classes derived from **System.IO.Stream** are required to support both writing and seeking for **System.IO.Stream.SetLength** to work.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
-----------	-----------

- 1
- 2
- 3

<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The stream does not support both writing and seeking, such as if the stream is constructed from a pipe or console output.
<b>System.ObjectDisposedException</b>	The current <b>System.IO.Stream</b> is closed.
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error occurred.

# 1 Stream.System.IDisposable.Dispose()

## 2 Method

```
3 [ILASM]  
4 .method private final hidebysig virtual void  
5 System.IDisposable.Dispose()  
6  
7 [C#]  
8 void IDisposable.Dispose()
```

## 8 Summary

9 Implemented to support the **System.IDisposable** interface. [Note:  
10 For more information, see **System.IDisposable.Dispose.**]

11

# 1 Stream.Write(System.Byte[], 2 System.Int32, System.Int32) Method

```
3 [ILASM]  
4 .method public hidebysig virtual abstract void Write(class  
5 System.Byte[] buffer, int32 offset, int32 count)  
  
6 [C#]  
7 public abstract void Write(byte[] buffer, int offset, int  
8 count)
```

## 9 Summary

10 Writes a sequence of bytes to the current stream and advances the  
11 current position within the current stream by the number of bytes  
12 written.

## 13 Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>buffer</i>	A <b>System.Byte</b> array containing the data to write.
<i>offset</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the zero based byte offset in <i>buffer</i> at which to begin copying bytes to the current stream.
<i>count</i>	A <b>System.Int32</b> that specifies the number of bytes to be written to the current stream.

## 16 Description

18 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanWrite** property to determine  
19 whether the current instance supports writing.]

## 20 Behaviors

21 If the write operation is successful, the position within the stream  
22 advances by the number of bytes written. If an exception occurs, the  
23 position within the stream remains unchanged.

## 24 Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentException</b>	( <i>offset</i> + <i>count</i> ) is greater than the length of <i>buffer</i> .
<b>System.ArgumentNullException</b>	<i>buffer</i> is <b>null</b> .
<b>System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException</b>	<i>offset</i> or <i>count</i> is negative.
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error occurred.

1  
2  
3

<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The stream does not support writing.
-------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

# 1 Stream.WriteByte(System.Byte) Method

```
2 [ILASM]
3 .method public hidebysig virtual void WriteByte(unsigned
4 int8 value)
5
6 [C#]
7 public virtual void WriteByte(byte value)
```

## 7 Summary

8 Writes a **System.Byte** to the current position in the stream and  
9 advances the position within the stream by one byte.

## 10 Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>value</i>	The <b>System.Byte</b> to write to the stream.

## 13 Description

15 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanWrite** property to determine  
16 whether the current instance supports writing.]

## 17 Behaviors

18 As described above.

## 19 Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	The stream is closed.
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The stream does not support writing.

22  
23  
24

# 1 Stream.CanRead Property

```
2 [ILASM]
3 .property bool CanRead { public hidebysig virtual abstract
4 specialname bool get_CanRead() }
5 [C#]
6 public abstract bool CanRead { get; }
```

## 7 Summary

8 Gets a **System.Boolean** value indicating whether the current stream  
9 supports reading.

## 10 Property Value

11

12 **true** if the stream supports reading; otherwise, **false**.

## 13 Description

14 If a class derived from **System.IO.Stream** does not support reading,  
15 the following methods throw a **System.NotSupportedException**:  
16 **System.IO.Stream.BeginRead**, **System.IO.Stream.Read** and  
17 **System.IO.Stream.ReadByte**.

## 18 Behaviors

19 As described above.

20

# 1 Stream.CanSeek Property

```
2 [ILASM]
3 .property bool CanSeek { public hidebysig virtual abstract
4 specialname bool get_CanSeek() }
5
6 [C#]
7 public abstract bool CanSeek { get; }
```

## 7 Summary

8 Gets a **System.Boolean** value indicating whether the current stream  
9 supports seeking.

## 10 Property Value

11

12 **true** if the stream supports seeking; otherwise, **false**.

## 13 Description

14 If a class derived from **System.IO.Stream** does not support seeking,  
15 the following methods throw a **System.NotSupportedException**:  
16 **System.IO.Stream.Length**, **System.IO.Stream.SetLength**,  
17 **System.IO.Stream.Position**, or **System.IO.Stream.Seek**.

## 18 Behaviors

19 As described above.

20

# 1 Stream.CanWrite Property

```
2 [ILASM]
3 .property bool CanWrite { public hidebysig virtual abstract
4 specialname bool get_CanWrite() }
5
6 [C#]
7 public abstract bool CanWrite { get; }
```

## 7 Summary

8 Gets a **System.Boolean** value indicating whether the current stream  
9 supports writing.

## 10 Property Value

11

12 **true** if the stream supports writing; otherwise, **false**.

## 13 Description

14 If a class derived from **System.IO.Stream** does not support writing,  
15 the following methods throw a **System.NotSupportedException**:  
16 **System.IO.Stream.Write**, **System.IO.Stream.WriteByte**, and  
17 **System.IO.Stream.BeginWrite**.

## 18 Behaviors

19 As described above.

20

# 1 Stream.Length Property

```
2 [ILASM]
3 .property int64 Length { public hidebysig virtual abstract
4 specialname int64 get_Length() }
5
6 [C#]
7 public abstract long Length { get; }
```

## 7 Summary

8 Gets the length in bytes of the stream.

## 9 Property Value

10

11 A **System.Int64** value representing the length of the stream in bytes.

## 12 Description

13 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanSeek** property to determine  
14 whether the current instance supports seeking.]

## 15 Behaviors

16 This property is read-only.

## 17 Exceptions

18

19

Exception	Condition
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The stream does not support seeking.

20

21

22

# 1 Stream.Position Property

```
2 [ILASM]
3 .property int64 Position { public hidebysig virtual
4 abstract specialname int64 get_Position() public hidebysig
5 virtual abstract specialname void set_Position(int64 value)
6 }
7
8 [C#]
9 public abstract long Position { get; set; }
```

## 9 Summary

10 Gets or sets the position within the current stream.

## 11 Property Value

12

13 A **System.Int64** that specifies the current position within the stream.

## 14 Description

15 The stream is required to support seeking to get or set the position.

16 [Note: Use the **System.IO.Stream.CanSeek** property to determine  
17 whether the current instance supports seeking.]

18

19 Classes that derive from **System.IO.Stream** are required to provide  
20 an implementation of this property.

21

22 [Note: If you intend to use a file as a backing store for a stream  
23 implementation, opening a new file and then writing to it requires that  
24 the position be set to just beyond the last byte so you can append to  
25 the file. The position cannot be set more than one byte beyond the end  
26 of the stream.]

## 27 Behaviors

28 As described above.

## 29 Exceptions

30

31

Exception	Condition
<b>System.IO.IOException</b>	An I/O error has occurred, such as the stream being closed.
<b>System.NotSupportedException</b>	The stream does not support seeking.

32

33